



Introducing the M-calculus

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Motivations

□ Unification

- ◆ crowded space: ambients, safe ambients, join, $D\pi$, Seal, Klaim, DyTiCo, ...
- ◆ can we understand these different calculi as programming with different forms of localities / domains ?
- ◆ is it possible to have programmable localities / domains ?

□ Programming model

- ◆ can we capture formally system-level and application-level programming in distributed systems ?
- ◆ for example, to program realistic firewalls, sandboxes and class loaders, processes and threads, components and component containers ? including dynamic binding ?



Outline

- ❑ Design principles
- ❑ Syntax
- ❑ Reduction semantics
- ❑ Examples
- ❑ Simple types
- ❑ Conclusion



Design principles

- Programmable locality / domain : cell
 - ◆ $a(P)[Q]$
 - ◆ a : name
 - ◆ P : membrane
 - ◆ Q : plasm
 - ◆ A cell membrane embodies the protocol obeyed by the locality (e.g. in, out, open)
- Asynchronous, higher-order communication
- Combining the join-calculus and the blue calculus
 - ◆ replicated resources and join patterns
- Including a form of dynamic binding



Syntax

\mathcal{S}	$::=$	$\epsilon[P]$ $\nu n.\mathcal{S}$	Top-level configuration root cell restriction
P	$::=$	$\mathbf{0}$ V $a(P)[P]$ $(P \mid P)$ (PP) $\nu n.P$ $([s = V]P, P)$ $\langle D \rangle$ $\text{pass}_a V$	Process inert process value cell parallel composition application restriction name testing definition passivation operator



Syntax

$V ::=$	$()$ u $\lambda x.P$	Value void name lambda abstraction
$D ::=$	\perp $J = P$ $D; D$	Definition empty definition reaction rule composition
$J ::=$	$r\tilde{x}$ $J J$	join pattern message join



Syntax

s	$::=$	r	service name
		$a.r$	resource name
			addressed resource name
n	$::=$	r	resolved name
		a	resource name
			cell name
u	$::=$	a	name
		x	cell name
		s	variable
			service name



Evaluation contexts

$\mathbf{E} ::=$		evaluation context
	.	hole
	$(\mathbf{E}V)$	function
	$(P\mathbf{E})$	argument
	$\nu n.\mathbf{E}$	restriction
	$(\mathbf{E} \mid P)$	parallel
	$a(P)[\mathbf{E}]$	plasm
	$a(\mathbf{E})[P]$	membrane
	$\epsilon[\mathbf{E}]$	top



Free names

$$\begin{aligned} \text{fn}(\perp) &= \emptyset \\ \text{fn}(u) &= \{u\} \quad \text{fn}(a.r) = \{a, r\} \\ \text{fn}(\nu n.P) &= \text{fn}(P) \setminus \{n\} \\ \text{fn}(\langle D \rangle) &= \text{fn}(D) \\ \text{fn}(\perp) &= \emptyset \\ \text{fn}(r_1 \tilde{x}_1 \mid \dots \mid r_q \tilde{x}_q) &= \text{fn}(r_1 \tilde{x}_1) \cup \dots \cup \text{fn}(r_q \tilde{x}_q) \\ \text{fn}(a(P)[Q]) &= \{a\} \cup \text{fn}(P) \cup \text{fn}(Q) \\ \text{fn}([s = V]P, Q) &= \text{fn}(s) \cup \text{fn}(P) \cup \text{fn}(Q) \cup \text{fn}(V) \\ \text{fn}(\nu n.S) &= \text{fn}(S) \setminus \{n\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{fn}(\perp) &= \emptyset \\ \text{fn}(\lambda x.P) &= \text{fn}(P) \setminus \{x\} \\ \text{fn}(PQ) &= \text{fn}(P) \cup \text{fn}(Q) \\ \text{fn}(D; D') &= \text{fn}(D) \cup \text{fn}(D') \\ \text{fn}(J = P) &= (\text{fn}(P) \setminus \text{fn}(J)) \cup \text{df}(J) \\ \text{fn}(r\tilde{x}) &= \{r, x_1, \dots, x_p\} \quad \tilde{x} = (x_j)_{j \in \{1, \dots, p\}} \\ \text{fn}(P \mid Q) &= \text{fn}(P) \cup \text{fn}(Q) \\ \text{fn}(\text{pass}_a V) &= \text{fn}(V) \\ \text{fn}(\epsilon[P]) &= \text{fn}(P) \end{aligned}$$



Defined names

$$\begin{aligned} \text{dln}(\langle \rangle) &= \emptyset \\ \text{dln}(u) &= \emptyset \\ \text{dln}(\nu n.P) &= \text{dln}(P) \setminus \{n\} \\ \text{dln}(\langle D \rangle) &= \text{dln}(D) \\ \text{dln}(\perp) &= \emptyset \\ \text{dln}(r_1 \tilde{x}_1 \mid \dots \mid r_q \tilde{x}_q) &= \{r_1, \dots, r_q\} \\ \text{dln}(P \mid Q) &= \text{dln}(P) \cup \text{dln}(Q) \\ \text{dln}(\text{pass}_a V) &= \emptyset \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{dln}(0) &= \emptyset \\ \text{dln}(\lambda x.P) &= \emptyset \\ \text{dln}(PQ) &= \emptyset \\ \text{dln}(D; D') &= \text{dln}(D) \cup \text{dln}(D') \\ \text{dln}(J = P) &= \text{dln}(J) \\ \text{dln}(a(P)[Q]) &= \emptyset \\ \text{dln}([s = V]P, Q) &= \emptyset \\ \text{dln}(\mathcal{S}) &= \emptyset \end{aligned}$$



Defined cells

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{cells}(\lambda) &= \emptyset \\ \mathbf{cells}(u) &= \emptyset \\ \mathbf{cells}(\nu n.P) &= \mathbf{cells}(P) \setminus \{n\} \\ \mathbf{cells}(\langle D \rangle) &= \emptyset \\ \mathbf{cells}(P \mid Q) &= \mathbf{cells}(P) \cup \mathbf{cells}(Q) \\ \mathbf{cells}(\text{pass}_a V) &= \emptyset \\ \mathbf{cells}(\epsilon[P]) &= \mathbf{cells}(P)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{cells}(0) &= \emptyset \\ \mathbf{cells}(\lambda x.P) &= \emptyset \\ \mathbf{cells}(PQ) &= \mathbf{cells}(P) \cup \mathbf{cells}(Q) \\ \mathbf{cells}(a(P)[Q]) &= \{a\} \cup \mathbf{cells}(P) \cup \mathbf{cells}(Q) \\ \mathbf{cells}([s = V]P, Q) &= \mathbf{cells}(P) \cup \mathbf{cells}(Q) \\ \mathbf{cells}(\nu n.S) &= \mathbf{cells}(S) \setminus \{n\}\end{aligned}$$



Structural equivalence

$$\frac{n \notin \text{fn}(Q)}{(\nu n.P) \mid Q \equiv \nu n.(P \mid Q)} \text{ [STRUCT.NU.PAR]}$$

$$\frac{}{\epsilon[\nu n.P] \equiv \nu n.\epsilon[P]} \text{ [STRUCT.NU.TOP]}$$

$$\frac{n \notin \text{fn}(Q) \wedge n \neq a}{a(\nu n.P)[Q] \equiv \nu n.a(P)[Q]} \text{ [STRUCT.NU.MEM]}$$

$$\frac{n \notin \text{fn}(P) \wedge n \neq a}{a(P)[\nu n.Q] \equiv \nu n.a(P)[Q]} \text{ [STRUCT.NU.PLASM]}$$

$$\frac{P =_{\alpha} Q}{P \equiv Q} \text{ [STRUCT.}\alpha\text{]}$$

$$\frac{P \equiv Q}{\mathbf{E}\{P\} \equiv \mathbf{E}\{Q\}} \text{ [STRUCT.CONTEXT]}$$



Reduction : evaluation

$$\frac{}{(\lambda x.P)V \rightarrow P\{V/x\}} \text{ [RED.BETA]}$$

$$\frac{}{([n = n]P, Q) \rightarrow P} \text{ [RED.IF.THEN]}$$

$$\frac{n \neq V}{([n = V]P, Q) \rightarrow Q} \text{ [RED.IF.ELSE]}$$

$$\frac{}{a(\text{pass}_a V \mid P)[Q] \rightarrow V(\lambda.P)(\lambda.Q)} \text{ [RED.PASSIV]}$$

$$\frac{\langle D \rangle = \langle D_0 ; r_1 \tilde{x}_1 \mid \dots \mid r_n \tilde{x}_n = P \rangle}{\langle D \rangle \mid r_1 \tilde{V}_1 \mid \dots \mid r_n \tilde{V}_n \rightarrow \langle D \rangle \mid P\{\tilde{V}_i/\tilde{x}_i\}} \text{ [RED.RES]}$$

$$\frac{P \rightarrow Q}{E\{P\} \rightarrow E\{Q\}} \text{ [RED.CONTEXT]}$$

$$\frac{P \equiv P' \quad P' \rightarrow Q' \quad Q' \equiv Q}{P \rightarrow Q} \text{ [RED.PROC.EQUIV]}$$

$$\frac{S_1 \equiv S'_1 \quad S'_1 \rightarrow S'_2 \quad S'_2 \equiv S_2}{S_1 \rightarrow S_2} \text{ [RED.TOP.EQUIV]}$$



Reduction : routing (1/3)

$$\frac{r \notin \text{dln}(P) \quad r \in \text{dln}(Q)}{a(P \mid r\tilde{V})[Q] \rightarrow a(P)[Q \mid r\tilde{V}]} \text{ [RED.MESS.PLASM.IN]}$$

$$\frac{r \in \text{dln}(P) \quad r \notin \text{dln}(Q)}{a(P)[Q \mid r\tilde{V}] \rightarrow a(P \mid r\tilde{V})[Q]} \text{ [RED.MESS.PLASM.OUT]}$$

$$\frac{r \notin \text{dln}(P) \quad r \notin \text{dln}(Q)}{a(P)[Q \mid r\tilde{V}] \rightarrow a(P \mid \mathbf{o}(\lambda.r\tilde{V}))[Q]} \text{ [RED.MESS.FILTER.OUT]}$$

$$\frac{r \notin \text{dln}(P) \quad r \notin \text{dln}(Q)}{b(a(P \mid r\tilde{V})[Q] \mid R)[S] \rightarrow b(a(P)[Q] \mid r\tilde{V} \mid R)[S]} \text{ [RED.MEM.MESS.OUT]}$$

$$\frac{r \notin \text{dln}(P) \quad r \notin \text{dln}(Q)}{b(R)[a(P \mid r\tilde{V})[Q] \mid S] \rightarrow b(R)[a(P)[Q] \mid r\tilde{V} \mid S]} \text{ [RED.PLASM.MESS.OUT]}$$

$$\frac{r \notin \text{dln}(P) \quad r \notin \text{dln}(Q)}{\epsilon[a(P \mid r\tilde{V})[Q] \mid R] \rightarrow \epsilon[a(P \mid \mathbf{e}(\lambda.r\tilde{V}))[Q] \mid R]} \text{ [RED.MESS.ERR]}$$



Reduction : routing (2/3)

$$\frac{r \notin \text{dln}(P) \quad r \in \text{dln}(Q)}{a.r\tilde{V} \mid a(P)[Q] \rightarrow a(P \mid \mathbf{i}(\lambda.r\tilde{V}))[Q]} \quad [\text{RED.ADDR.FINAL.PLASM}]$$

$$\frac{r \in \text{dln}(P) \vee r \notin \text{dln}(Q)}{a.r\tilde{V} \mid a(P)[Q] \rightarrow a(P \mid r\tilde{V})[Q]} \quad [\text{RED.ADDR.FINAL.MEM}]$$

$$\frac{}{a(P \mid a.r\tilde{V})[Q] \rightarrow a(P \mid r\tilde{V})[Q]} \quad [\text{RED.ADDR.MEM}]$$

$$\frac{}{a(P)[Q \mid a.r\tilde{V}] \rightarrow a(P)[Q \mid r\tilde{V}]} \quad [\text{RED.ADDR.PLASM}]$$



Reduction : routing (3/3)

$$\frac{b \in \text{cells}(P) \quad b \neq a}{a(P)[Q] \mid b.r\tilde{V} \rightarrow a(P \mid b.r\tilde{V})[Q]} \text{ [RED.ADDR.MEM.IN]}$$

$$\frac{b \notin \text{cells}(P) \quad b \in \text{cells}(Q) \quad b \neq a}{a(P)[Q] \mid b.r\tilde{V} \rightarrow a(P \mid i(\lambda.b.r\tilde{V}))[Q]} \text{ [RED.ADDR.FILTER.IN]}$$

$$\frac{b \notin \text{cells}(P) \quad b \in \text{cells}(Q) \quad b \neq a}{a(P \mid b.r\tilde{V})[Q] \rightarrow a(P)[Q \mid b.r\tilde{V}]} \text{ [RED.ADDR.PLASM.IN]}$$

$$\frac{b \notin \text{cells}(P) \cup \text{cells}(Q) \quad b \neq a}{a(P \mid b.r\tilde{V})[Q] \rightarrow a(P)[Q] \mid b.r\tilde{V}} \text{ [RED.ADDR.MEM.OUT]}$$

$$\frac{b \notin \text{cells}(Q) \quad b \in \text{cells}(P) \quad b \neq a}{a(P)[Q \mid b.r\tilde{V}] \rightarrow a(P \mid b.r\tilde{V})[Q]} \text{ [RED.ADDR.PLASM.OUT]}$$

$$\frac{b \notin \text{cells}(P) \cup \text{cells}(Q) \quad b \neq a}{a(P)[Q \mid b.r\tilde{V}] \rightarrow a(P \mid o(\lambda.b.r\tilde{V}))[Q]} \text{ [RED.ADDR.FILTER.OUT]}$$



Example (1/10) : transparent router

$$Fwd = \langle \mathbf{i} m = m() ; \mathbf{o} m = m() \rangle$$



Example (2/10) : updatable library

$$a(\langle l \tilde{x} = L_1 \rangle | P(l))^* [Q] | (a.\text{update} | \lambda \tilde{x}. L_2) \rightarrow^* a(\langle l \tilde{x} = L_2 \rangle | P(l))^* [Q]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \langle l \tilde{x} = L \rangle | P(l))^* &= \nu r. (\langle r \lambda \tilde{x}. L \rangle | \langle r f | l \tilde{y} = f \tilde{y} | r f \rangle | \langle r f' | (\text{update } x f) = A(l, r, x, f, f') \rangle) \\ A(l, r, x, f, f') &= (l = x] (r f), (r f')) \end{aligned}$$



Example (3/10) : creating a new cell

$$a.n () \mid a(\langle n () = New \rangle \mid P_1)[Q_1] \rightarrow^* b(P_2)[Q_2] \mid a(\langle n () = New \rangle \mid P_1)[Q_1]$$

$$New = \text{pass}_a \lambda p q.(b(P_2)[Q_2] \mid a(p())[q()])$$



Example (4/10) : adding a new cell

$$a.\text{add}(\lambda.P) \mid a(\langle \text{add } f = \text{Add}(a, f) \rangle)[Q] \rightarrow^* a(\langle \text{add } f = \text{Add}(a, f) \rangle)[P \mid Q]$$

$$\text{Add}(a, f) = \text{pass}_a \lambda p q. a(p())[f() \mid q()]$$

$$\begin{aligned} a.\text{add}(\lambda.P) \mid a(\langle \text{add } f = \text{Add}(a, f) \rangle)[Q] &\rightarrow a(\text{add}(\lambda.P) \mid \langle \text{add } f = \text{Add}(a, f) \rangle)[Q] \\ &\rightarrow a(\langle \text{add } f = \text{Add}(a, f) \rangle \mid \text{pass}_a \lambda p q. p()[(\lambda.P)() \mid q()])[Q] \\ &\rightarrow \lambda p q. a(p())[(\lambda.P)() \mid q()](\lambda.(\langle \text{add } f = \text{Add}(a, f) \rangle)(\lambda.Q)) \\ &\rightarrow^* a(\langle \text{add } f = \text{Add}(a, f) \rangle)[P \mid Q] \end{aligned}$$



Example (5/10) : move

$$a(P)[(\text{go } u) \mid Q] \rightarrow^* u.\text{add}(a(P)[Q]^*)$$
$$\begin{aligned} P &= (Fwd \mid \langle \text{go } u = Go(a, u) \rangle) \\ Go(a, u) &= \text{pass}_a \lambda p q. u.\text{add}(\lambda. a(p()))[q()] \end{aligned}$$


Example (6/10) : objective move

$$(a.\text{move } u \ v) \mid a(P)[Q(u) \mid R] \rightarrow^* (v.\text{add } Q^*(u)) \mid a(P)[R]$$

$$Q(b) = b(C_b)[Q]$$

$$C_b = (Fwd \mid \langle \text{go } v = Go(b, v) \rangle)$$

$$P = (Fwd \mid \langle \text{move } x \ y = (x.\text{go } y) \rangle)$$

$$\begin{aligned} ((a.\text{move } bv) \mid a(P)[Q(b) \mid R]) &\rightarrow a((\text{move } bv) \mid P)[Q(b) \mid R] \\ &\rightarrow^* a().P[(b.\text{go } v) \mid Q(b) \mid R] \\ &\rightarrow^* a(P)[v.\text{add } (\lambda.b(\lambda.C_b)())[(\lambda.Q)()] \mid R] \\ &\rightarrow^* a(v.\text{add } (\lambda.b(\lambda.C_b)())[(\lambda.Q)()]) \mid P[R] \\ &\rightarrow (v.\text{add } (\lambda.b(\lambda.C_b)())[(\lambda.Q)()]) \mid a(P)[R] \end{aligned}$$



Example (7/10) : components

$$\begin{aligned}Q^i(b) &= \nu r \text{ on.} b(Fwdr(\text{on}) \mid \langle \text{suspend} \mid \text{on} = \text{Suspend}_b; \text{resume} \mid r x = \text{Add}(b, x) \mid \text{on} \rangle \mid \text{on})[Q] \\Fwdr(\text{on}) &= \langle \text{on} \mid i m = m() \mid \text{on} ; \text{on} \mid o m = m() \mid \text{on} \rangle \\Suspend_b &= \text{pass}_b \lambda p q. b(p () \mid (r q))[0]\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}Q^e(b) &= b(P \mid \langle \text{update } f = \text{Update}_b(f) \rangle)[Q] \\Update_b(f) &= \text{pass}_b \lambda p q. b(f())[q()]\end{aligned}$$



Example (8/10) : coding the π_1 calculus

$$\begin{aligned} PP(a) &= \nu \text{on off} . (\langle \text{on} \mid \text{i } m = \langle \text{on} \mid m() \rangle ; \text{on} \mid \text{o } m = \langle \text{on} \mid m() \rangle \rangle \\ &\quad \mid \langle \text{on} \mid \text{add } f = \text{Augment}(a, f) \\ &\quad \quad \text{on} \mid \text{stop} = \text{off} \\ &\quad \quad \text{on} \mid \text{ping } (y, n) = \text{on} \mid y() \\ &\quad \quad \text{off} \mid \text{ping } (y, n) = \text{off} \mid n() \rangle) \\ \text{Augment}(a, f) &= \text{pass}_a \lambda p q . a(\text{on} \mid p()) [q() \mid f()] \end{aligned}$$



Example (9/10) : coding the join-calcul

$$\begin{aligned}PJ(a) &= (Fwd \mid \langle \text{add } f = \text{Add}(a, f) \rangle \mid \langle \text{go } b = \text{Send}(a, b) \rangle) \\ \text{Add}(a, f) &= \text{pass}_{\alpha} \lambda p q. a(p()) [q() \mid f()] \\ \text{Send}(a, b) &= \text{pass}_{\alpha} \lambda p q. (b.\text{add } \lambda. a(p())) [q()]\end{aligned}$$



Example (10/10) : coding the distributed join

$$\begin{aligned}
 PJF(a) = \nu on. (&\langle on \mid i \ m = (on \mid m) \rangle \\
 &\mid \langle on \mid o \ m = (on \mid m) \rangle \\
 &\mid \langle on \mid ins \ f = Insert(a, f) \rangle \\
 &\mid \langle on \mid go \ b = Send(a, b) \rangle \\
 &\mid \langle on \mid halt = Halt(a) \rangle \\
 &\mid \langle on \mid ping \ (y, n) = (on \mid y \ ()) \rangle)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$Insert(a, f) = pass_a \ \lambda p \ q. a(on \mid p()) [q() \mid f()]$$

$$Send(a, b) = pass_a \ \lambda p \ q. (b.ins \ \lambda. a(on \mid p()) [q()])$$

$$Halt(a) = pass_a \ \lambda p \ q. a(\langle ping \ (y, n) = n \ () \rangle \mid \langle i \ (b.ping, (y, n)) = n \ () \rangle \mid \langle o \ - = 0 \ () \rangle) [q()]$$



Types : syntax

$\tau ::=$	Δ σ	type process type value type
$s ::=$	$\forall \overline{\alpha} \rho . \sigma$	type scheme type scheme
$\sigma ::=$	<code>unit</code> α <code>dom</code> $\sigma \rightarrow \tau$	value type unit type type variable cell name type function
$\Delta ::=$	\emptyset ρ a Δ, Δ	multiset of cell names empty multiset multiset variable cell name union



Types : auxiliary definitions (1/2)

$$a, \Delta \wedge a, \Delta' = a, (\Delta \wedge \Delta')$$

$$\rho, \Delta \wedge \rho, \Delta' = \rho, (\Delta \wedge \Delta')$$

$$\Delta \wedge \Delta' = \Delta, \Delta' \text{ if } \Delta \cap \Delta' = \emptyset$$

$$\text{unit} \wedge \text{unit} = \text{unit}$$

$$\text{dom} \wedge \text{dom} = \text{dom}$$

$$\alpha \wedge \alpha = \alpha$$

$$\tilde{\sigma} \wedge \tilde{\sigma}' = \widetilde{(\sigma \wedge \sigma')} \text{ with tuples of identical size}$$

$$\sigma \rightarrow \tau \wedge \sigma \rightarrow \tau' = \sigma \rightarrow (\tau \wedge \tau')$$



Types : auxiliary definitions (2/2)

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{unit} \subseteq \text{unit} \\ & \text{dom} \subseteq \text{dom} \\ & \alpha \subseteq \alpha \\ & \sigma_{i \in [1..n]} \subseteq \sigma'_{i \in [1..n]} \iff (\sigma_i \subseteq \sigma'_i)_{i \in [1..n]} \\ & \sigma \rightarrow \tau \subseteq \sigma \rightarrow \tau' \iff \tau \subseteq \tau' \end{aligned}$$



Types : typing contexts

\mathcal{C}	::=		context
		$\cdot : \tau$	hole for a process
		\cdot	hole for a definition
		$\cdot : \Delta$	hole for a top-level configuration
		$\epsilon[\mathcal{C}]$	top-level cell
		$\nu r : s. \mathcal{C}$	resource restriction
		$\nu a. \mathcal{C}$	cell restriction
		$\lambda x. \mathcal{C}$	function
		$a(\mathcal{C})[Q]$	cell membrane
		$a(P)[\mathcal{C}]$	cell plasm
		$(\mathcal{C} \mid P)$	left process parallel
		$(P \mid \mathcal{C})$	right process parallel
		$\text{pass}_a \mathcal{C}$	passivation
		$(\mathcal{C}Q)$	left application
		$(P\mathcal{C})$	right application
		$([n = C]P, Q)$	test value
		$([n = V]C, P)$	test true
		$([n = V]P, \mathcal{C})$	test false
		$\langle \mathcal{C} \rangle$	definition
		\mathcal{C}, D	left definition composition
		D, \mathcal{C}	right definition composition
		$J = \mathcal{C}$	join guarded process



Types : types for special names *i*, *o* et *e*

$$\begin{aligned}i &: \forall \rho. (\text{unit} \rightarrow \rho) \rightarrow \rho \\o &: \forall \rho. (\text{unit} \rightarrow \rho) \rightarrow \rho \\e &: \forall \rho. (\text{unit} \rightarrow \rho) \rightarrow \rho\end{aligned}$$


Typing rules (1/4)

$$\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash \mathbf{0} : \emptyset} \text{[NIL]} \quad \frac{}{\Gamma \vdash () : \mathbf{unit}} \text{[VOID]} \quad \frac{u : s \in \Gamma \quad \sigma = \mathit{Inst}(s)}{\Gamma \vdash u : \sigma} \text{[NAME]}$$

$$\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash (\cdot : \tau) : \tau} \text{[PROC.HOLE]}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash a : \mathbf{dom} \quad \Gamma \vdash r : \sigma \rightarrow \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash a.r : \sigma \rightarrow \Delta} \text{[ADDR]}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma + x : \sigma \vdash P : \tau \quad x \notin \mathit{fn}(\Gamma)}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x.P : \sigma \rightarrow \tau} \text{[FUN]}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash a : \mathbf{dom} \quad \Gamma \vdash P : \Delta_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash Q : \Delta_2}{\Gamma \vdash a(P)[Q] : a, \Delta_1, \Delta_2} \text{[DOM]}$$



Typing rules (2/4)

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash P : \Delta_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash Q : \Delta_2}{\Gamma \vdash P \mid Q : \Delta_1, \Delta_2} \text{ [PAR]}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash r : \forall \tilde{\alpha} \tilde{\rho}. \sigma \rightarrow \Delta \vdash P : \Delta_1 \quad r \notin fn(\Gamma) \quad fsv(\forall \tilde{\alpha} \tilde{\rho}. \sigma \rightarrow \Delta) = fsv(\forall \tilde{\alpha} \tilde{\rho}. \sigma \rightarrow \Delta) = \emptyset}{\Gamma \vdash \nu r : \forall \tilde{\alpha} \tilde{\rho}. \sigma \rightarrow \Delta. P : \Delta_1} \text{ [NU.RES]}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash a : \text{dom} \vdash P : \Delta \quad a \notin fn(\Gamma) \quad a \notin (\Delta - a)}{\Gamma \vdash \nu a. P : \Delta - a} \text{ [NU.DOM]}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash V : (\text{unit} \rightarrow \rho_1) \rightarrow (\text{unit} \rightarrow \rho_2) \rightarrow \Delta \quad \rho_1, \rho_2 \text{ do not occur in } \Gamma \quad \rho_1, \rho_2 \text{ occur each at most once in } \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash \text{pass}_a V : \Delta - (a, \rho_1, \rho_2)} \text{ [PASS]}$$



Typing rules (3/4)

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash P : \sigma \rightarrow \tau \quad \Gamma \vdash Q : \sigma' \quad \sigma' \subseteq \sigma}{\Gamma \vdash PQ : \tau} \text{ [APP]}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash P : \tau_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash Q : \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash [n = V]P, Q : \tau_1 \wedge \tau_2} \text{ [TEST]}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash D}{\Gamma \vdash \langle D \rangle : \emptyset} \text{ [DEF]}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash D_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash D_2}{\Gamma \vdash D_1, D_2} \text{ [AND]}$$

$$\overline{\Gamma \vdash \cdot} \text{ [DEF.HOLE]}$$

$$\overline{\Gamma \vdash \perp} \text{ [DEF.\perp]}$$

$$\frac{\begin{array}{l} (r_i : s_i = \forall \tilde{\alpha}_i \tilde{\rho}_i. \tilde{\sigma}_i \rightarrow \Delta_i \in \Gamma)^{i \in [1..n]} \\ \Delta' \subseteq \Delta_1, \dots, \Delta_n \quad \Gamma + \tilde{x}_1 : \tilde{\sigma}_1 + \dots + \tilde{x}_n : \tilde{\sigma}_n \vdash P : \Delta' \\ (\tilde{x}_i)^i \cap fn(\Gamma) = \emptyset \quad \forall i \in [1..n]. fv(\tilde{\sigma}_i \rightarrow \Delta_i) \cap fv(\Gamma) \cap (\tilde{\alpha}_i \cup \tilde{\rho}_i) = \emptyset \\ \forall i, j \in [1..n]^2. i \neq j \implies fv(\tilde{\sigma}_i \rightarrow \Delta_i) \cap fv(\tilde{\sigma}_j \rightarrow \Delta_j) \cap (\tilde{\alpha}_i \cup \tilde{\rho}_i \cup \tilde{\alpha}_j \cup \tilde{\rho}_j) = \emptyset \end{array}}{\Gamma \vdash r_1 \tilde{x}_1 \mid \dots \mid r_n \tilde{x}_n = P} \text{ [JOIN]}$$



Typing rules (4/4)

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash P : \Delta \quad \text{set}(\Delta)}{\Gamma \vdash \epsilon[P] : \Delta} \text{ [TOP]}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma + r : s \vdash \mathcal{S} : \Delta \quad r \notin \text{fn}(\Gamma) \quad \text{fsv}(s) = \text{ftv}(s) = \emptyset}{\Gamma \vdash \nu r : s. \mathcal{S} : \Delta} \text{ [TOP.NU.RES]}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma + a : \text{dom} \vdash \mathcal{S} : \Delta \quad a \notin \text{fn}(\Gamma)}{\Gamma \vdash \nu a. \mathcal{S} : \Delta - a} \text{ [TOP.NU.DOM]}$$

$$\frac{\text{set}(\Delta)}{\Gamma \vdash (\cdot : \Delta) : \Delta} \text{ [TOP.HOLE]}$$



